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09/843,875	04/30/2001	Kazumi Tabuchi	1152-0275P	1199
2292 7590 01/28/2008 BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			EXAMINER	
			PHAM, THIERRY L	
FALLS CHUR	CH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		,	2625	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/28/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary	09/843,875	TABUCHI, KAZUMI			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Thierry L. Pham	2625			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by star Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT tute, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed CHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26	October 2007.	•			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ T	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the correction of the correction and the correction of the correction o	ccepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand ection is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some color None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)			
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		/Mail Date formal Patent Application 			

DETAILED ACTION

- This action is responsive to the following communication: RCE filed on 10/26/07.
- Claims 1-21 are currently pending, wherein claim 21 is newly added.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/26/07 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hori (U.S. 5847726) and Ogawa (JP 2000076035A, translation provided), and further in view of Mizutani (US 6078400).

Regarding claim 1, Hori discloses an ink-jet printer system (inkjet printing system, fig.63) comprising:

• an ink-jet printer (printer 101, fig. 6) is provided with storage means (RAM 124 for storing various numerical values, fig. 6, col. 6, lines 5-25 and col. 9, lines 1-10) which updates last printing operation (last/preceding printing operation timing, col. 4, lines 12-18 and col. 9, lines 1-10) conducted based on a print request and print data issued by a host computer (print request and print data are issued from a host computer, abstract,

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fig. 3 & fig. 7), the ink-jet printer providing printing end data (present printing operation has been ended, col. 6, lines 20-24) to the host machine (PC 30, fig. 3) when the print request requested by the host machine has completed (when present printing operation is ended, col. 6, lines 20-24);

• wherein, each host machine (PC 130, fig. 6) includes print control means (CPU 31, fig. 6) for reading out the completion time instant (preceding/completion time, col. 9, lines 1-30 and col. 13, lines 28-60) from the host memory 34B at the start of a printing operation (printing operation from PC 130, fig. 7, col. 9, lines 1-40 and col. 13, lines 28-60), obtaining an inactive time (elapse time, fig. 7, col.9, lines 59-65 and col. 13, lines 28-60) by comparing the read out completion time instant with the current time (comparing last operation time with current time, fig. 7, col. 9, lines 59-65 and col. 13, lines 28-60), and selectively issuing an execution order of recovery treatment (i.e. purging operation, fig. 7) to the ink-jet printer by comparing the obtained inactive time with a predetermined reference time period (comparing elapse time with predetermined period/time, fig. 7, col. 9, lines 65 to col. 10, lines 5 and col. 13, lines 28-60), and wherein the host machine provides the ink-jet printer with current time data (current time data from PC's clock means 35 and present time memory 34A, fig. 3, col. 2, lines 65-67 and col. 8, lines 56-62) as an updated previously stored completion time instant (means for receiving and storing present time instant as a second time instant from the clock means, col. 3, lines 43-45 and col. 9, lines 5-11, wherein second time instant replaces first time instant stored in ink-jet printer, 12, lines 45-50) of a latest and/or preceding "purging or flushing timing", col. 9, lines 5-11.

Hori teaches a completion time instant of last printing operation is stored in RAM 34B of host computer 3 and a printer's storage means for storing a time instant of preceding purging or flushing timing transmitted from host computer, but does not clearly teach and/or suggest storing a completion time instant of a last printing operation in an ink-jet printer. In other words, Hori teaches a completion time instant of last printing operation is stored in RAM 34B of host computer 3 rather than in RAM 24 of

printer 1, and wherein printer's memory is for storing time instant of last/preceding purging or flushing and does not include storing a time instant of last print operation.

Ogawa, in the same field of endeavor for ink-jet printing system, teaches a well-known example of storing completion time instant of a last print operation in an ink-jet printer (storing completion time instant of last printing operation in RAM 10 of printer 1, abstract, pars. 5, 15, 20-22).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the inkjet printer of Mori to store completion time instant of last printing operation to eliminate expensive real-time clock (par. 4 of Ogawa). Plurality of advantages also taught by Hori (e.g. prevent wasteful inks consumption due to purging operation at improper timing, col. 4, lines 11-22).

The combination of Hori and Ogawa does not teach and/or suggest a common ink-jet printer shared by a multiple number of host machines.

Mizutani, in the same field of endeavor for ink-jet printing system, teaches a well known example wherein an ink-jet printer shared by multiple number of host machines/computers (ink-jet printer 3 is shared with multiple client apparatuses 1-2, fig. 1).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the inkjet printer of Mori to be shared by multiple number of host machines as per teachings of Mizutani because of the following reasons: (a) to allow an inkjet printer to be shared with multiple of users, therefore, reducing hardware costs; (b) to improve versatility.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Mori and Ogawa with Mizutani to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1.

Regarding claim 2, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein the print control means (host computer, fig. 3) includes time measuring means (real time clock 35, fig. 3) for measuring the current time and transfers the current time

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measured by the time measuring means at the end of a printing operation to the ink-jet printer as the completion time instant of the printing operation (current time and last printed completion time, col. 6, lines 15-40).

Regarding claims 3-4, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein the print control means determines whether or not the completion time instant of the last printing operation read out from the ink-jet printer is valid (determine whether the last printed operation time was accurately recorded, col. 10, lines 40-67+) and gives an execution order of a recovery treatment (i.e. purging/flushing operations/tasks based upon the comparison results, fig. 7, cols. 9-10) if the completion time instant is invalid (invalid time, fig. 8, col. 11, lines 28-47).

Regarding claims 5-7, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein if the completion time instant which was read from the ink-jet printer at the end of the last printing operation indicates a later time than the current time (last printed operation time is later than the current time read from the host computer, col. 10, lines 40-67+), the print control means issues to the ink-jet printer a command of prohibiting (update is not necessary due to inaccuracy of time recorded, cols. 10-11) the update of the completion time instant held in the storage means.

Regarding claims 8-16, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, wherein if the completion time instant which was read from the ink-jet printer at the end of the last printing operation indicates a later time than the current time, the print control means informs that fact to other host machines and provides warning (informs users to update host computer's time to reflect the correct current time, col. 10, lines 40-67+).

Regarding claim 17, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 2, further comprising: a clock server (host computer includes a real time clock, fig. 6) for indicating the current time, wherein the print control means reads the current time from the clock server at regular intervals and updates the current time measured by the time measuring means based on the read current time.

Regarding claim 18, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer according to claim 1, further comprising: a clock server (host computer includes a real time clock, fig. 6) for indicating the current time, wherein the storage means updates and stores the current time indicated by the clock server at the printing operation end as the completion time instant of the last printing operation (current and last printed completion time, fig. 4).

Regarding claim 19, Ogawa further teaches the ink-jet printer system to claim 1, wherein when the host machine issues the print request to the ink-jet printer, the ink-jet printer transfer the completion time instant (transmits print end time from printer to host, pars. 7-8) to the host machine before execution of printing.

Regarding claim 20, Ogawa further teaches the ink-jet printer system according to claim 1, wherein the ink-jet printer stores (completion time instant is stored in printer's RAM, par. 7-10) the completion time instant without outputting the updated completion time instant until a next print job request is generated one of the multiple number of host machines is received by the ink-jet printer.

Regarding claim 21, Hori further teaches the ink-jet printer system according to claim 1, wherein the execution order of recovery treatment (nozzle recovery, col. 2, lines 60-65) wherein amount of ink injection is made larger as inactive time of printing operation becomes longer while the amount of ink injection is made smaller as inactive time of printing operation becomes shorter (col. 5, lines 55-57 and col. 13, lines 43-59).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to newly added features/limitations as cited claim 1 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection using previously cited prior art of record. See rejection for more details.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thierry L. Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-7439. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30 AM - 6:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David K. Moore can be reached on (571)272-7437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Thierry L. Pham

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